

GK-3

Chapter 20: Abbreviations and Acronyms – Worksheet

Multiple Choice Questions

1. What does UN stand for?

- a) United Nations b) Universal Network c) Union Nation d) United National

2. GST stands for:

- a) Goods and Sales Tax b) Goods and Services Tax c) General Service Tax d) Government Sales Tax

3. PIN is used in postal services. It stands for:

- a) Postal Information Number b) Personal Identification Number c) Postal Index Number d) Post Internet Number

4. CBSE stands for:

- a) Central Board of Secondary Education b) Council Board for School Education c) Central Basic School Education d) Centre for Board Studies and Exams

5. RAM in computers means:

- a) Random Access Memory b) Read Access Machine c) Rapid Action Module
d) Remote Access Mode

Fill in the Blanks

1. MLC stands for _____.
2. NAM stands for _____.
3. IPS stands for _____.
4. MP stands for _____.
5. MRP means _____.

True/False

1. UN stands for United Network. (True/False)
2. PIN means Postal Index Number. (True/False)
3. GST stands for Goods and Services Tax. (True/False)
4. PT stands for Personal Training. (True/False)
5. RAM is a type of computer memory. (True/False)

Match the Following

- | | |
|---------|---|
| 1. GST | a) Postal Index Number |
| 2. UN | b) Goods and Services Tax |
| 3. PIN | c) United Nations |
| 4. CBSE | d) Random Access Memory |
| 5. RAM | e) Central Board of Secondary Education |

Short Answer Questions

1. What is an abbreviation? Give one example.
2. What is an acronym? Explain with an example.
3. Why are abbreviations useful in daily communication?
4. Write any five commonly used abbreviations.
5. Expand the following: MRP, PT, GST.